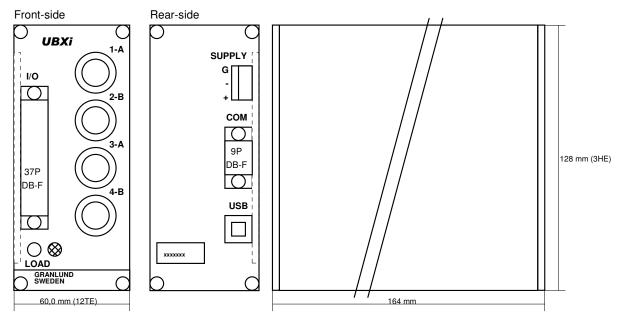
#### 2008-10-17

# **UBXi** (expansion system)



#### FEATURES UBXi

- USB adapted system according to specification 1.1, 12Mbits/sec transfer.
- Specially adapted for Mitutoyo digital linear gages, of 4 inputs per unit.
- Able to connect up to 16 units to one personal computer using the USB-buss, for a configuration of total of 64 gages, or one single unit using RS232C-communication.
- A wide range of I/O and software controls including:
  - ◆ Reading gages in high speed operation.
  - ◆ Direct I/O-control of 8 inputs and 8 output ports (+24V).
  - ◆ Out control of two stepmotors (linear motions) with synchronized input of gages, including. limitcontrols and left or right reference run mode.
  - ◆ Continuously input function for buffered readout of values for forms and polarcurve.
  - ◆ Pulsedetector input for counterfunctions or reading angle.
  - ◆ Analogues inputs (0 5V, 10 bits), for special measurefunctions.
  - ◆ Analogue outputs (0 5V, 10 bits), for analogue servo or motor control.
  - External trigginput for reading out gage.
- Peak-hold measurement of max, min, max difference, etc. between gage pair.

#### CONFORMANCE TO EC DIRECTIVES

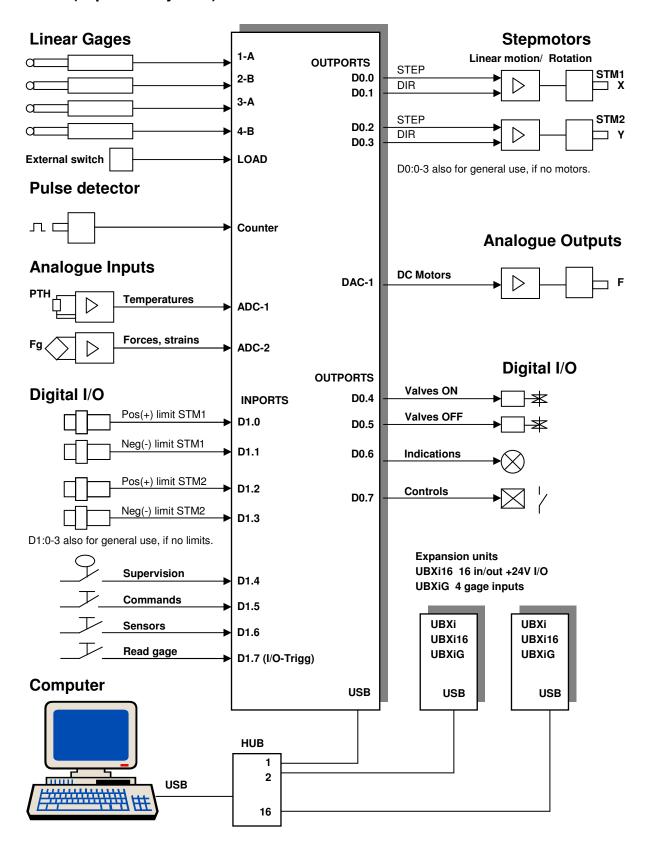
This unit conforms to the following EC Directives:

EMC Directive (89/336/EEC)

EN55011: 1992, Group 1, Class B EMC emission

EN50082-2: 1995, Industrial environment EMC immunity

## **UBXi** (expansionsystem)



#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Main data

Update frequency 1 kHz (1 ms) for all inputs and final readout values.

Operating temperature 0 to 40° degrees C (20%RH to 80%RH, without condensation)

Power supply

Power supply DC +12 to +30V, normal industry standard.

Connector pins Connector: LMI 245 203 01, 3-pole terminal block/plug.

1: PLUS (+24V)
2: MINUS (0V)
3: Protected ground.

**USB** 

Number of USB input 1

Standard 1.1 USB specification, max 12 Mbits/sec. Connector pins Connector: USB-peripheral (type B).

**RS-232C** 

Number of RS323C 1

Protocol Start/stop.

Fixed setup 19200 kBaud, even parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, Xon/Xoff method.

Connector pins Connector: 9p DSUB female (screw locking).

 1:
 NC
 PC-side/signals

 2: out
 TXD
 ----- RXD inp

 3: inp
 RXD
 ----- TXD out

9: NO

Applicable cables DB9M - DB9F pin to pin (modem).

**Linear Gage inputs** 

Number of gage input 4

Applicable gage input Differential square-wave (90° phase difference, RS422 eqv).

Applicable gage Mitutoyo LGB (exl. 0.0001 mm resolution), LGF, LGE, 100 mm LG.

Signal pitch/gage LGF: 0.0005 mm 2.0 μm pitch, 0,25 μsec. (min edge interval) LGB/LGF: 0.001 mm 4.0 μm pitch, 0,50 μsec. LGE: 0.005 mm 20 μm pitch, 4,00 μsec.

Max input frequency 625 kHz (differential square-wave).

Max counting speed: 2,5 MHz.
Max response speed 380 mm/sec.

Resolution (counters) 20 bits (max transferable value: ±524.288 mm, LGB).

Connector pins Connector: Hirose RM12BRD-6S.

1: out +5V (gage power supply)

2: inp phase A (pos)
3: inp phase B (pos)
4: inp phase A (neg)

5: GND

6: inp phase B (neg)

Gage powersupply 5V (4.8V to 5.2V), max 4x120 mA (LGF), ripple 200 mV p-p max.

**Gage-LOAD** inputs

Number of input 1 (< 5 mS responds time, 75 mS repeat time).

Applicable switch Mitutoyo No: 937179T.

Pulse detector inputs

Number of pulse input 1

Applicable pulse input Differential square-wave (90° phase difference, RS422 eqv). Detector signals phase A (pos/neg), phase B (pos/neg) and zero pulse (pos/neg).

Counting mode 4 x Input pulses, A-flank up/down and B-flank up/down.

Max input frequency 625 kHz (differential square-wave).

Max counting Speed: 2,5 MHz.

Max response speed 380 mm/sec.

Resolution (counter) 32 bits.

Connector pins See common I/O-connector.

Detector powersupply 5V (4.8V to 5.2V), ripple 200 mV p-p max.

#### Digital I/O port output

Number of ports output 1 (8 bits)

Sourcedata +24V (pos logic) optoisolated, max 500 mA short-circuit proof.

Portsignals D0:0-7 (port 0).

Connector pins See common I/O-connector.

Port external supply DC +15 to +35V, 3 A (max 1A/channel PTC), normal industry standard.

#### Digital I/O port input

Number of ports input 1 (8 bits)

Input +24V (pos logic) optoisolated, DC +15 to +35V, max 30 mA.

- Trigg inputs (bits) 1 (< 5 mS responds time, 75 mS repeat time, positive flank).

Port signals D1:0-7 (port 1). D1:7 programmable trig input (only bit 7).

Connector pins See common I/O-connector.

#### **Analogue ADC input**

Number of ADC inputs 2

Range / conv. time 0 - 5V, 1 ms, 10 bits, min 100 kohm impedance.

Portsignals ADC1-2

Connector pins See common I/O-connector.

#### **Analogue DAC output**

Number of DAC output

Range / settlingtime 0 - 5V, 10 ms, 10 bits, max 600 ohm outimpedance.

Portsignals DAC1

Connector pins See common I/O-connector.

#### Buffered input reading (Continuously input scan)

Number of buffers 1

Scanfrequency 1 - 1000 Hz (1 kHz).

Max memory 2 Mb. (8 or 4 bytes per input)

Inputs selectable Gage G1 - 4, Pulsedetector, Elapsed time, Analogue inputs 1-2, Dig. inport.

**Operation** When buffered input reading is started, the selected inputs are continuously stored as datablocks in memory with selected frequency. The buffered input reading is activated (running) if a continuously input scan is started, **or** if stepmotor 1 is started in buffering mode. In the later case, inputs are stored synchronously with the motor stepping; i.g. a new datablock is stored at each step.

### Operating commands (USB and RS232C)

General formats (ASCII)

mmmsson,<d1>,<d2>CR Command string incl. data/block, else mmmsssncR, if no data. OK,<resp>CRLF Respond string incl. n datablock, else OKCRLF, if no data.

OK,<d1|d2|..>, < d1|d2|..>, .. CRLF Responds string incl. multiplier datablocks separated by commas

and datatypes separated by | (specially for read out buffer). 1)

1) The | char and TAB is also used as a separate and end char for asynchronies inputs.

NG,<error>CRLF Error responds for a command

n (for index commands) Index (last char), for ex. 1 (linear gage no: 1). Note! Not for all commands.

<data> Write/read data for command, prefixed by comma (,).
See command Note1! For decimal values, only decimalpoint (.) is used.

**System initialize** The commands are active for all subsystems.

ASC(3) without CRLF Clears a command in progress, and activate the unit for new command.

CLRSYS Clears and initialize all gage, presettings, peakvalues, motors and buffers.

**Note1!** The clear command, do **NOT** reset the error mask and I/O-outputs.

**Note2!** After clear, always wait min 25 mS for next command.

CLRERR Cancels the current pending errors in the error mask.

INPERR Read pending error bitmask, Resp.= b1,b2, ...b14 (hexformat).

INPVER Read programversion, Resp.= Ver:4502-0004C Dec 14 2001 (example).

**Updating commands** To be used for continuously inputs, program loops.

INPUPD Reads err bitmask, port 0, 1 and ready-status for stepmotor 1,2.

Resp. = <err.mask>,<portv0>,<portv 1>,<mot 1>,<mot 2>

Note1! Ready status running for motor's are always set regardless if motors

are running (started). If not, the status is reset directly after read.

Note2! Outbits 0-3 for active motors are masked to zero, when input port.

INPUPG Reads err bitmask, gage 1 to 4 and counter.

Resp. = <err.mask>,<gage1>,<gage2>,<gage4>,<counter>

**Liner Gage read/set** Responds =  $\pm 1234.567$  (dec), float. dec.pos.

SETLGR1-4,<r>
Setup resolution/pitch (0= no probe, 1= 1, 2= 0.5 or 3= 5) um for gage 1 to 4.

SETLGD1-4,<d> Setup no of decimals (2-5) for gage 1 to 4.

SETLGU,<u> Setup unit (0= mm, 1= inch i.g. values/25.4) for all gage 1-4. SETLGN1-4,<s> Setup neg sign (invert) on/off (0= of, 1= on) for input gage 1-4.

SETLGF1,3,<f> Setup function on/off (0= off, 1= SUMa+b and DIFFa-b) for gage 1 or 3.

SETL CS1.4 relate:

Proper start value (+1.234.567) is a most start value (+1.234.567).

SETLGS1-4,<data> Preset startvalue (±1234.567), i.g. mastering for input gage 1-4.

INPLGV1-4 Read actual value (functionvalue) for input gage 1 to 4.

INPLGX1-4 Read MAX value for input gage 1 to 4. INPLGM1-4 Read MIN value for input gage 1 to 4.

INPLGW1-4 Read TIR (max - min) value for input gage 1 to 4.

INPLGE1-4 Read mean-value for input gage 1 to 4. **Note** Only **if** buffer store is done.

**Note!** After 1:st buffer store, the meanvalue Ei for Vi may be read out.

INPLGS1-4 Read presetvalue for input gage 1 to 4.

CLRLGP1-4 Clears all peak values MAX, MIN and TIR (initialize) for gage 1-4.

CLRLGS1-4 Clears preset values for gage (gage pair) 1-4.

SETLGZ1-4 Sets gage 1-4 to zero.

LOAD-Trigginput Sends: RG,<err.mask>|<v1>|<v2>|<v3>|<v4>|<countv>TAB

Note! Tab is sent as acknowledge, and values for all four gages incl. counter

are sent back regardless of gage setup.

INPTRG Read gages and counter. Responds **exactly** as the LOAD-Trigginput.

**Pulsecounter detector** Resp. = ±999999999 (integer).

SETPDZ,<c> Setup input/mode (0= no counter, 1= on, 2= zerocount, 3= clear counter).

INPPDC Read input counter for pulse detector 1 (one per unit).

**Note!** The actual counter value is 4 x number of input pulses.

**Digital I/O ports** Data and responds = 0-255 (integer).

SETDIT,<flag> Setup input port P1:D1.7 (low->high) = external trigg out request on/off:

(0= off, 1= on) If trigg, RQ,1|<portv>TAB is asynchrony send back.

SETDIO0,<data> Set digital value (0-255) for port 0.

INPDIO0,1 Read digital (set) value (0-255) for port 0 to 1.

Analogue adc/dac
INPADV1,2
INPADX1,2
INPADX1,2
INPADM1,2
INPADM1,2
INPADM1,2
SETDAV,<data>
Data and responds = 0-65535 (integer).
Input analogue value for ADC 1 to 2.
Input MAX value for ADC 1 to 2.
Input MIN value for ADC 1 to 2
Set analogue value for DAC 1.

CLRADP1,2 Clears the analogue peak values for ADC 1 and 2.

**Elapsed time** Responds = 12345678 (long integer).

INPELT Read elapsed time (ms).

Buffered gage reading

SETBFM, <m1>,<m2>... Setup buffered gage reading store mode (V1-4,C,T,A1-2,P max 9 char),

> V1-4 = Selected actual linear gages value 1 to 4. C = Include pulse detector count value (only one).

T = Include elapsed time.

A1-2= Include analogue input 1 or 2.

P = Input port 1.

**Note1!** Setup is set in combination for ex. V1,V2,C,T,A1,P, se next. **Note2!** The readout order is fixed; V1-4,C,T,A1-2 and P (after setup). Note3! An error bit mask is always stored/readout for each index.

**Note4!** Elapsed time is always restarting from zero after new buffer start.

INPBFD, <start>, <stop> Readout buffer table from start index to stop index.

> **Ex**. Gage V1-2, counter, time and analogue input (error bitmask 1:st data), Responds =  $ABCDh|\pm 1234.567|\pm 2345.678|123456789|\pm 12345678|12345$ , E (error) V1 A1.

Read/test current buffer index (no of elements), Resp= 0-N (long integer).

**STPBFD** Stops readout bufferdata (finish last datablock).

**Note!** The command returns **no** respond (e.g. if right or wrong format).

Continuously input

**INPBFI** 

SETCIQ, <scan> Set input frequency scans (1 to 1000) Hz for buffered reading. 100 default. **STACID** Start continuously input and store buffer, and start calc. of meanvalue Ei.

**STPCID** Stop continuously input. Lock the meanvalue for Ei.

Note! If buffer is full, error code 20 is returned after stop.

Stepmotor and I/O

Mode settings See also common I/O-connector.

SETSMA1.2.<ramp>,<feed> Setup start/stop ramp and max feed (0 to 99) motorunits for motor 1 to 2.

**Note!** If ramp or feed parm = 0, the entire stepmotorsystem is **deactivated** and portsignals (out/inp) are enabled for general use. When running a motor.

the corresponding out bits are readout as zero.

Setup stepmotor limit-controls on/off (0, 1 or 2) for motor 1 to 2: SETSML1,2,<c>

> c = 0: positive and negative limit-inputs are off (reference = off). c = 1: positive and negative limit-inputs are active (reference = on).

Portsignals (out) PULSE and DIR (direction) for external step motor drive unit.

Portsignals (inp) \*POS(+) and \*NEG(-) LIMITS for step motor movements (inverted).

**Note!** The positive (+) and negative (-) limits, also act as reference limits.

Operating 

INPSMC1.2 Read current position counter for motor 1 to 2.

SETSMR1,2,<r> Set runmode (0= absolute or 1= relative, one char), positioning.

SETSMC1,2,<steps> Set current (start) counter to 0 to ±999999999 steps.

STASMP1,2,<steps> Start stepmotor (free run, no data buffering), 0 to ±999999999 steps. Start stepmotor **and** start buffer reading, 0 to ±999999999 steps. STASMB1,<steps>

and start calculate meanvalue i.g until done. Lock the meanvalue. **Note1!** Buffer storing is only included for motor one.

Note2! No of steps allocates no of buffer elements.

Start step motor reference run to positive or negative limits (0 = pos, 1 = neg). STASMR1,2,<dir>

INP = on -> off (reverse and step slow) -> on (and stop), position sets = 0.

Note! Normally a slower speed should be setup first.

Limit over travel Motor stops (softly) and the motor status 2 (negative limit active), or

3 (positive limit active) reflects the limit switch for motor 1 or 2.

Start in limit-mode If motor status 2 or 3 is active, Resp. NG,<41 (motor is in neg. limit pos)>

or <42 (motor is in pos. limit pos)> error is returned.

STPSMP1.2 Stops step motor 1 or 2 (softly, ramp down).

INPSMP1,2 Test status for step motor 1 or 2. Resp. = 0 (ready), 1 (running), else,

2 (negative limit active) or 3 (positive limit active).

Note! Before read the status after start, always wait min 25 mS.

Error list			
No	Internal name		Description
00			No error present (if read).
10	ubxIllegalCommand		Illegal command or format.
11	ubxIllegalSelection		Illegal selection number.
12	ubxIllegalParameter		Illegal parameter.
14	ubxIllegalData		Illegal parameter value.
15	ubxParityError		Parity error received.
20	ubxRBufferIsFull		Read buffer is full.
21	ubxRBufferIsEmpty		Read buffer is empty.
22			<b>5</b>
23	ubxRBufferNotInitiated		Read buffer is not setup.
30			
31	Duraha Ou Cayyata uN latin itata d		Dualacia) au accustau auc nat actus
32 40	ubxProbeOrCounterNotInitated ubxMotorNotInitiated		Probe(s) or counter are not setup.
40 41	ubxMotorNotimitated ubxMotorInNegLimit		Motor is not setup.  Motor is in neg(-) limit pos (status 2).
42	ubxMotorInPosLimit		Motor is in pos(+) limit pos (status 2).
43	ubxMotor1BufferOverspeed		Motor speed to high for read buffer.
	ubxInternalHardwareError		Internal hardware error.
99	ubxinternalHardwareError		internal hardware error.
Error mask			
Bit.no	Internal name	Pending	Description
0	ubxProbe1 ReadError	Yes	Read error from gage 1.
1	ubxProbe2_ReadError	Yes	Read error from gage 2.
2	ubxProbe3_ReadError	Yes	Read error from gage 3.
3	ubxProbe4_ReadError	Yes	Read error from gage 4.
4	ubxCounter_ReadError	Yes	Read error from counter.
5, 6, 7	Spare		

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Probe 1 is missing.

Probe 2 is missing.

Probe 3 is missing.

Probe 4 is missing.

Counter is missing.

Only for UBXi16 unit.

Note! The error mask is cleared (reinitialized) by the CLRERR command.

ubxProbe1\_Missing

ubxProbe2\_Missing

ubxProbe3\_Missing

ubxProbe4\_Missing

ubxCounter\_Missing

Not used

8

9

10

11

12

15

13, 14

#### Common I/O

```
Connector pins
                         Connector: 37p DSUB female (screw locking).
1, 20:
         +24V external supply.
2:
         D0.0 (Output port 0)
                                      = STEP
                                                 (stepping) for motor 1.
         D0.1
3:
                                      = DIR
                                                 (direction) for motor 1.
                                                                            1)
4:
         D0.2
                                      = STEP
                                                 (stepping) for motor 2.
5:
                                      = DIR
         D0.3
                                                 (direction) for motor 2.
                                                                            1)
6:
         D<sub>0.4</sub>
7:
         D0.5
8:
         D0.6
9:
         D0.7
21:
         D1.0 (Input port 1)
                                      = *POS(+) LIMIT (and reference) for motor 1.
                                      = *NEG(-) LIMIT (and reference) for motor 1.
22:
         D1.1
         D1.2
                                      = *POS(+) LIMIT (and reference) for motor 2.
23:
24:
         D1.3
                                      = *NEG(-) LIMIT (and reference) for motor 2.
25:
         D1.4
26:
         D1.5
27:
         D1.6
28:
         D1.7
                                      = SEND RQ (input request, positive flank)
         0V external supply.
10,29:
11,30
         NC
12,31:
         +5V pulsedetetctor power supply.
13:
         phase A (pos)
32:
         phase A (neg)
14:
         phase B (pos)
         phase B (neg)
33:
15:
         Zeropulse (pos)
34:
         Zeropulse (neg)
35,36:
         NC
16:
         ADC1 0 - 5V analogue input
17:
         ADC2 0 - 5V.
18:
         DAC1 0 - 5V analogue output.
19,37:
         GND (computer)
```

1) The DIR-signal is low for positive (+) movements and high for negative (-).